

Exercise sheet 2

Due before the lecture on Monday, 29 October 2018.

Exercise 1. (4 points) Let $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be a weak equivalence and let A be a based CW-complex. Show that f induces bijections $[A, X] \rightarrow [A, Y]$ and $\langle A, X \rangle \rightarrow \langle A, Y \rangle$. *Hint:* use the Compression Lemma.

Exercise 2. (6 points) Find a map of CW-complexes that induces isomorphisms on integral homology and on π_1 , but is not a homotopy equivalence. *Hint:* For $n \geq 2$, recall that $\pi_n(S^1 \vee S^n) \cong \mathbb{Z}[t, t^{-1}]$ by looking at the universal cover. Construct a CW-complex X from $S^1 \vee S^n$ by attaching a single $(n+1)$ -cell along a map representing $2t - 1$ and consider the inclusion of the 1-skeleton into X .

Exercise 3. (5 points) Let $f: A \rightarrow X$ be a cofibration. Show:

- (a) f is an embedding.
- (b) f is a closed map if X is Hausdorff.

Exercise 4. (5 points)

- (a) Show that $E \rightarrow B$ is a Serre fibration if its restriction $X \rightarrow B$ is a Serre fibration for each path-component X of E .
- (b) Consider the subspace $E \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$ given by

$$E := ([0, 1] \times \{\frac{1}{n} \mid n \in \mathbb{N}\}) \cup \{(x, x-1) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 1\}.$$

Show that the map

$$p: E \rightarrow [0, 1], (x, y) \mapsto x$$

is a Serre fibration, but not a Hurewicz fibration, i.e. that p satisfies the homotopy lifting property with respect to all CW-complexes, but not with respect to arbitrary spaces.

(*Remark:* One can show that a Serre fibration between CW-complexes is always a Hurewicz fibration.)